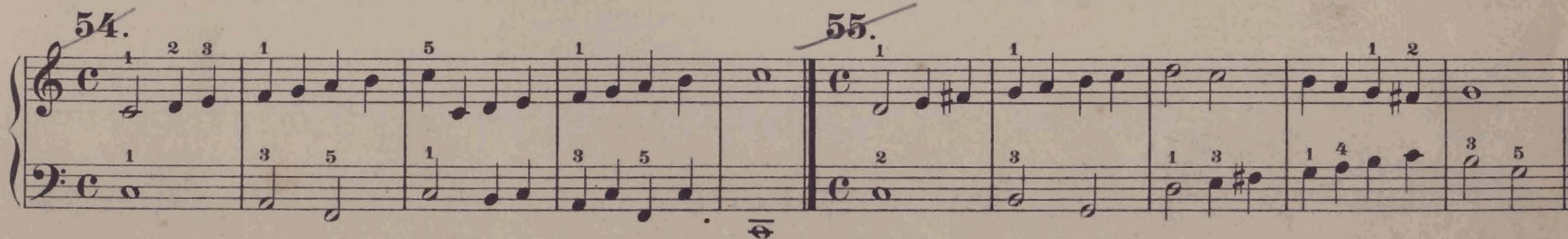


Veränderte Lage der Hand durch Überschlagen und Untersetzen.

§ 5.

Beim „Untersetzen“ wird der Daumen, indem sich das vordere und mittlere Gelenk krümmen, unter dem ruhig auf der Taste liegenbleibenden andern Finger nach der Taste hingeschoben, welche er greifen soll. In dem Moment, wo er diese faßt, um sie niederzudrücken, läßt der andere Finger die seinige los, und die Hand nimmt die normale Lage über dem Tastenkreise ein, den die Stellung des Daumens vorschreibt. — Beim „Überschlagen“ sind es die längeren Finger, welche über den Daumen, der der Bewegung, ohne seine Taste zu verlassen, geschmeidig nachgibt, in gekrümmter Haltung weggeschoben werden, bis der Finger, an dem die Reihe ist, über seiner Taste schwebt. In dem Augenblicke, wo er diese niederdrückt, läßt der Daumen die sei-

nige los und nimmt die ihm zukommende Lage ein. Beides, das Untersetzen, wie das Überschlagen, muß einzig und allein durch die geschickte und nachgibige Bewegung des Daumens geschehen. Den Ellenbogen dabei zu heben, wie es Anfänger gern tun, ist unnötig, und darum schon verwerflich; allein es ist auch störend und hinderlich, da es das Gewicht des Armes auf die Finger leitet. — Bei gewissen, in einem engeren Kreise wiederholt um einen Mittelpunkt sich bewegenden schnelleren Figuren (wie z. B. in N^o 102 und 103) bleibt der Daumen über der Taste, welche er soeben verlassen hat und die gewöhnlich den erwähnten Mittelpunkt bildet, schweben, ohne die normale Lage zu suchen, da er jene Taste bald wieder greifen muß.



56.

57.

58.

59.

60.

61. Moderato. *Man beachte die Punkte und Bogen genau!*

Neben- Man.
8 und 4 Fuß.

Haupt- Man.
8 und 16 Fuß.

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The melody consists of several measures, each containing a sequence of notes with fingerings indicated by numbers 1 through 5. The final measure of the melody is followed by a double bar line and a repeat sign (two dots). Below the melody, there is a bass line on a bass clef staff, which provides a harmonic accompaniment. The bass line also includes fingerings and rests. The overall style is that of a traditional folk song or a simple piano exercise.

62. Andante.

63.

F. Schneider.

Handwritten numbers 1, 2, 3, 4 are written above the first four measures. The score is divided into two systems by a double bar line. The first system contains measures 1 through 5. The second system contains measures 6 through 9. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time (C). Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above or below notes. A 34-measure rest is indicated above the fifth measure. The piece ends with a double bar line after the ninth measure.

65. F. Schneider.

66.

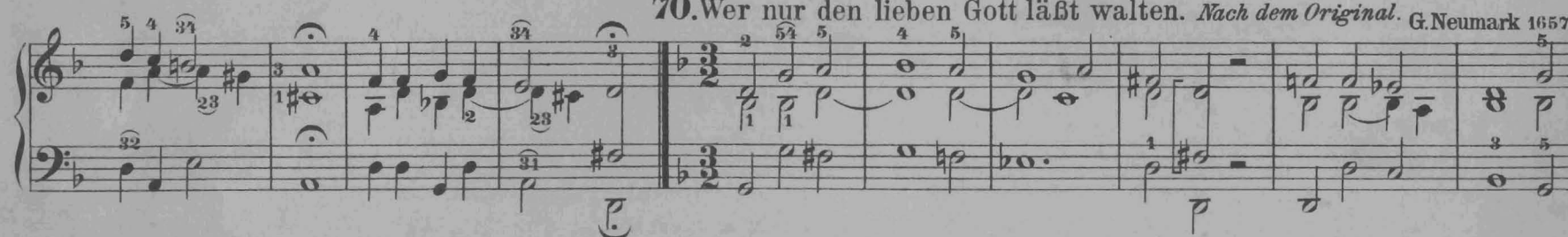
67.



68.

69. Jesu, meine Freude. *Nach dem Original.*

J. Crüger 1640.

70. Wer nur den lieben Gott läßt walten. *Nach dem Original.* G. Neumark 1657.

71. Vom Himmel hoch da komm ich her.

Exercise 71 is a two-staff piece in common time (C). The melody is in the treble clef, and the bass line is in the bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The piece consists of 23 measures. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above or below notes. The piece ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

72. Moderato.

Exercise 72 is a two-staff piece in common time (C). The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The piece consists of 24 measures. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above or below notes. The piece ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

73.

Exercise 73 is a two-staff piece in common time (C). The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The piece consists of 12 measures. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above or below notes. The piece ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

F. Schneider.

74.

Exercise 74 is a two-staff piece in 3/8 time. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The piece consists of 12 measures. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above or below notes. The piece ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

[illegible]

77.

The musical score for exercise 77 is written for a single melodic line on a five-line staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The piece consists of 16 measures. The notation includes eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and various fingerings indicated by numbers 1 through 5. A repeat sign with first and second endings is present in measures 10 and 11. The exercise concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

78.

The musical score for exercise 78 is written for a single melodic line on a five-line staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The piece begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes), rests, and fingerings (numbers 1-5). There are also slurs and ties. The exercise concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

79. $\frac{5}{2}$
1

80.

legato

81. Sostenuto.

The musical score for '81. Sostenuto.' is written for piano. It begins with a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The bass staff has a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The music is in 4/4 time. The score consists of several measures, including a double bar line. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and fingerings (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5). The piece is marked 'Sostenuto'.

82. Legato.

A. Mühling.

88. 89.

90.

91.

92.

93.

Exercise 93 is in C major, 2/4 time. The treble staff begins with a half note C4, followed by a half note D4, then a half note E4, and a half note F4. The bass staff begins with a half note C3, followed by a half note D3, then a half note E3, and a half note F3. The exercise continues with various intervals and chords, including a 45 slur in the treble and a 12 slur in the bass.

94.

Exercise 94 is in C major, 2/4 time. The treble staff begins with a half note C4, followed by a half note D4, then a half note E4, and a half note F4. The bass staff begins with a half note C3, followed by a half note D3, then a half note E3, and a half note F3. The exercise continues with various intervals and chords, including a 31 slur in the treble and a 12 slur in the bass.

C. H. Rinck. 95.

Exercise 95 is in C major, 2/4 time. The treble staff begins with a half note C4, followed by a half note D4, then a half note E4, and a half note F4. The bass staff begins with a half note C3, followed by a half note D3, then a half note E3, and a half note F3. The exercise continues with various intervals and chords, including a 45 slur in the treble and a 12 slur in the bass.

Exercise 96 is in C major, 2/4 time. The treble staff begins with a half note C4, followed by a half note D4, then a half note E4, and a half note F4. The bass staff begins with a half note C3, followed by a half note D3, then a half note E3, and a half note F3. The exercise continues with various intervals and chords, including a 45 slur in the treble and a 12 slur in the bass.

96.

Exercise 96 is in C major, 2/4 time. The treble staff begins with a half note C4, followed by a half note D4, then a half note E4, and a half note F4. The bass staff begins with a half note C3, followed by a half note D3, then a half note E3, and a half note F3. The exercise continues with various intervals and chords, including a 45 slur in the treble and a 12 slur in the bass.

97.

98. Andante. Mit mäßig starken Stimmen. J.S. Bach.

99.

100.

101.

102.

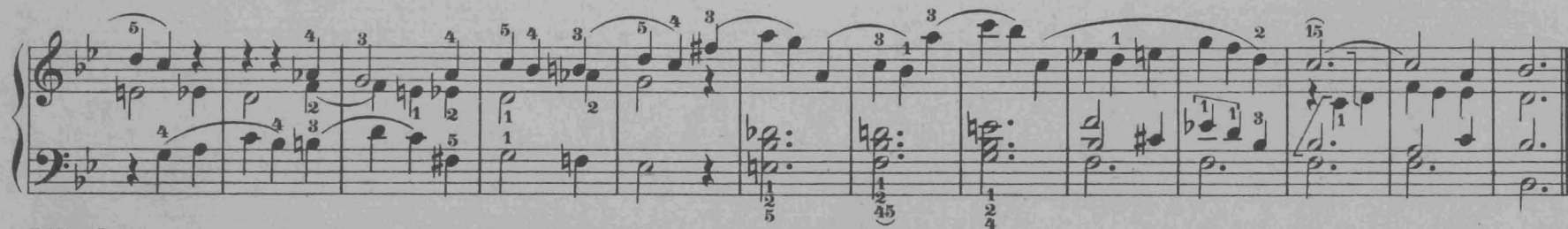
103.

104. 

105. 



106. 



M. G. Fischer.

107. Ach Herr, mich armen Sünder. (Herzlich tut mich verlangen.)

Aus M. G. Fischers Choralbuch.

Handwritten musical score for hymn 107, 'Ach Herr, mich armen Sünder. (Herzlich tut mich verlangen.)'. The score is written for two staves (treble and bass clef) in common time (C). The melody is in the treble clef, and the bass line is in the bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and accidentals. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above or below notes. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

108. Alle Menschen müssen sterben.

Handwritten musical score for hymn 108, 'Alle Menschen müssen sterben.'. The score is written for two staves (treble and bass clef) in common time (C). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The melody is in the treble clef, and the bass line is in the bass clef. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and accidentals. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above or below notes. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

109. Fuga.

Con moto. Volles Werk.

G. Kuhnau.*)

*) † 1722.
 **) Umkehrung.

[illegible]

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for a piano, with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The melody is in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is in the bass staff. The score consists of four measures. The first measure has a treble staff with notes G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), and B4 (quarter) with fingerings 4, 5, and 2 respectively, and a bass staff with notes G3 (quarter), A3 (quarter), and B3 (quarter) with fingerings 1, 3, and 4 respectively. The second measure has a treble staff with notes G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), and B4 (quarter) with fingerings 5, 4, and 1 respectively, and a bass staff with notes G3 (quarter), A3 (quarter), and B3 (quarter) with fingerings 3, 4, and 1 respectively. The third measure has a treble staff with notes G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), and B4 (quarter) with fingerings 1, 2, and 1 respectively, and a bass staff with notes G3 (quarter), A3 (quarter), and B3 (quarter) with fingerings 3, 3, and 3 respectively. The fourth measure has a treble staff with notes G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), and B4 (quarter) with fingerings 1, 2, and 1 respectively, and a bass staff with notes G3 (quarter), A3 (quarter), and B3 (quarter) with fingerings 1, 2, and 1 respectively.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written for a piano, with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The melody is in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is in the bass staff. The score includes fingerings (1-5) and articulation marks (accents) for the melody. The lyrics are written below the bass staff.

[illegible]

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for a piano, with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/2. The melody is in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is in the bass staff. The score consists of four measures. The first measure has a treble staff with a half note G4, a quarter note A4, and a half note B4. The bass staff has a half note G2, a quarter note F2, and a half note E2. The second measure has a treble staff with a half note A4, a quarter note B4, and a half note C5. The bass staff has a half note F2, a quarter note E2, and a half note D2. The third measure has a treble staff with a half note B4, a quarter note C5, and a half note D5. The bass staff has a half note E2, a quarter note D2, and a half note C2. The fourth measure has a treble staff with a half note C5, a quarter note B4, and a half note A4. The bass staff has a half note D2, a quarter note C2, and a half note B1. The score is marked with fingerings and articulation marks.